People, Places, & Events of World History



Congratulations! You have completed this section!
Answer the following questions to test your understanding of the material. When you are finished, hand in your quiz to your teacher. Each answer is worth 2.3 points.

Match the words with their definitions for numbers 1-16.

1. _____ ***grandeur***	(a) land along the eastern shore of the Mediterranean Sea between Egypt and Lebanon
2. _____ ***aristocratic***	(b) a practice or tradition with religious significance
3. _____ ***culprit***	(c) of a son or daughter
4. _____ ***Canaan***	(d) gave in, failed to resist
5. _____ ***astounding***	(e) obedience to, acceptance of
6. _____ ***persecution***	(f) possessing wealth and social or royal influence
7. _____ ***dabbled***	(g) revolt, rebellion
8. _____ ***adherence***	(h) having spectacular, noble, elegant aspects
9. _____ ***usurpation***	(i) dominate, enslave, rule
10. _____ ***rite***	(j) built-in, essential part
11. _____ ***insurrection***	(k) breath-taking, remarkable, unique
12. _____ ***arable***	(l) taken by force without permission; assumed against the will of the people
13. _____ ***intrinsic***	(m) experimented or toyed with, done without serious intent
14. _____ ***succumbed***	(n) guilty person
15. _____ ***subjugate***	(o) capable of producing crops
16. _____ ***filial***	(p) attack, torture, restriction against expressions of belief

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Section Quiz 3-1

17. Caesar Constantine is known to us as "_____."
    (a) The Great
    (b) The Good
    (c) The Philosopher Emperor
    (d) The Just

18. What was the ratio of Roman slaves per free men by the end of the Pax Romana period? ____
    (a) 1/3
    (b) 2/1
    (c) 3/1
    (d) 1/5

19. Among the _____ , several extended families formed a clan, and several clans composed a tribe.

20. What does the prefix "mac" mean? _____

21. The Celts devised a custom known as _____ to ensure the individual's full integration into all aspects of Celtic private and public life.

22. The Hebrew Old Testament includes a detailed history of the Jewish nation beginning with a man named _____.
    (a) Israel
    (b) David
    (c) Abraham
    (d) Jacob

23. Who led the Israelite people out of Egypt? _____

24. Through a series of military campaigns under the leadership of King _____, Israel became the strongest nation in the Middle East.
    (a) Saul
    (b) Josiah
    (c) Solomon
    (d) David

25. According to Bible accounts, who died as a sacrifice on a cross to shed His blood in payment for man's sin? _____

26. It has been said that _____ was the highest expression of Roman art.
    (a) painting
    (b) poetry
    (c) architecture
    (d) music

27. If we exist merely to experience the pleasures of eating we are engaging in _____.

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Section Quiz 3-1

28. What did Epictetus leave behind when he returned to Greece? _____
    (a) unfinished work (c) belongings
    (b) axioms (d) his personal slave

29. _____ has been called the "Philosopher Emperor."
    (a) Marcus Aurelius (c) Aulus Vitellius Germanicus
    (b) Constantine (d) Hadrian

30. Why did Caesar Marcus Aurelius order another persecution against the followers of Christ? _____
    _____

31. What was Emperor Aulus Vitellius Germanicus known for? _____
    (a) excessive drinking and eating (c) philosophical thoughts
    (b) generosity (d) burning down Rome

32. When Caesar Hadrian came to power in Rome, AD 117, he transformed the Jewish city of _____ into the Roman city of Aelia Capitolina.

33. In AD 132, another Jewish revolt broke out under the leadership of _____.
    (a) Epictetus (c) Abraham
    (b) Simeon Bar Kokhba (d) Joseph

34. The Germans were a particularly _____ people.
    (a) warlike (c) generous
    (b) friendly (d) non-aggressive

35. _____ was judged to be the most important function of German society.

36. Like other social issues in Roman culture, music and dance came from _____.
    (a) Greece (c) Germany
    (b) the Celts (d) the Hebrews

37. In AD 117, Caesar _____ came to the Imperial throne.
    (a) Hadrian (c) Constantine
    (b) Marcus Aurelius (d) Augustus

38. Hadrian's _____ was built in 122 A.D.
    (a) Castle (c) Temple
    (b) City (d) Wall

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Section Quiz 3-1

39. *"The six priorities of _____ are God, family, Church, others, self, and a satisfying career."*

40. *"In _____ we trust" is* America's National Motto.

41. *"What you give to the _____, you keep forever."*

42. *"Eternal vigilance is the price of _____."*

43. *"What has _____ will be again."*

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